

RESEARCHPROJECT

Dinstitute Life Technologies

## Cell-based disease models, their use in industry

Partners Industrial partners, PhytoArk, Cimark

- Collaborators R. Buchs, J.-M. Denis, A. Grogg & B. Schnyder
- Description The ultimate objective of this cell-system is the replacement of lab animal experiments & improvement of the human test systems. The improved cellular bioassays serve here to identify phyto-based therapies. Such natural extracts serve as alternative therapy to the existing antibiotics mainly circumventing the emerging antibiotics resistances.

Candida albicans is the most common infection of candidiasis in humans. The infectious disease model in human cell cultures is composed of i) 2-dimensional (2D) adhesion of Candida albicans to the host's mucosal cell barrier, and the ii) filamentous infiltration by *C.albicans* in tissues (in 3D cell systems), and a comparison to the routine plankton-type growth of *C.albicans* in solution.

The investigated natural extract are provided from regional plants, then fractionated, characterized by mass spectrometry profiling and tested for anti-infectious activity in the three cell-system bioassays. In conclusion, the current project serves to identify the potential of new biotherapies using physiologically relevant 3D human cell systems.



cells. Host cell are presented by the cubical competence center. cells shown in the microscopy and scheme.

Adhesion and filamentous infiltration of The establishing of novel 3D cell systems is integrated in Candida albicans in human mucosal tissue the Swiss TEDD (Tissue Engineering for Drug Development) Photo shows the speakers and organizers of the TEDD meeting in Sion, HES-SO Valais

URL http://itv.hevs.ch/

Contact B. Schnyder bruno.schnyder@hevs.ch T +41 27 606 86 59



